

# THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 11.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 17, 1861.

NO. 93.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH  
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by  
**A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,**  
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.  
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the West.

## The Frankfort Commonwealth.

**A. G. HODGES & CO., PROPRIETORS.**  
**J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.**

The Proprietors of the Commonwealth, grateful for the generous patronage which has been bestowed upon them, are determined to furnish their patrons a journal which shall be unequalled in any of the departments which comprise a first class newspaper.

Published at the Capital of the State, it will be enabled to furnish its readers with the latest intelligence of the actions of the higher courts and of the various departments of the State. It will also contain the latest telegraphic news of stirring events, and also of the New York, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans markets.

In politics the Commonwealth will be conservative, occupying a middle and antagonistic ground in reference to the two extremes. The old parties broken up, and old issues virtually dead, the vital question at present is Union or Disunion. The Commonwealth is for the Union, believing it to be the greatest safeguard for our rights, as well as our most effective auxiliary in our efforts to obtain redress for our wrongs. Its conductors do not regard disunion as a remedy for any of the wrongs of the South, but rather an aggravation. It will contend for the equality of the States in the Union, and for the absolute non-interference by Congress with the domestic affairs of the States and Territories.

We shall aim to make the Commonwealth an acceptable and appropriate bedside companion. It will contain selections from the choicest literature of the day, prose, poetry, &c.

The Weekly will be printed on extra double medium paper, in new and beautiful type.  
Terms, in advance, for the Tri-Weekly, \$4 per annum.  
Terms, for the Weekly \$2 per annum.

## SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

## PRINTED BILL HEADS.

## THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

## VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

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**BOOKS.**  
MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00  
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DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION, 1 vol. Price 3 00  
GUIDE TO JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c., by JOHN C. HARRISON, 1 vol. Price 3 00  
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## BLANKS.

BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds.  
Price—50 cts. per quire.  
JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS.  
Price—50 cts. per quire.  
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Price—50 cts. per quire.  
SHERIFFS' REFLEVIN BONDS.  
Price—50 cts. per quire.  
CIRCUIT CLERKS' EXECUTIONS.  
Price—50 cts. per quire.  
BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort, and Farmers Bank of Kentucky.  
Price—75 cts. per quire.  
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Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

## BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work, in the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

## LAWYER'S BRIEFS

Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and on moderate terms.

## BLANKS.

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks, printed on short notice and moderate terms.

## LAW NOTICE.

**CLAY & MONROE.**  
WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.  
Address: Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.

**THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,**  
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe, Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.  
April 9, 1860-w4wtw.

**SIMPSON & SCOTT,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law.  
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office adjoining Yeoman Building—The same heretofore occupied by John L. Scott.

**JUDGE JAMES SIMPSON AND JOHN L. SCOTT** will hereafter practice law in partnership in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort. Judge Simpson would respectfully refer to all persons who have known him, either at the Bar or as Circuit Judge in early life, or more recently as Judge of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. John L. Scott would refer to the persons heretofore referred to by him in his published card.  
All business in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court entrusted to this firm will receive faithful and prompt attention.  
Mr. Scott resides in Frankfort, and may be found at all times at his office adjoining the Yeoman Printing Office.  
April 9, 1860-w4wtw.

## MEDICAL CARD.

**DR. J. G. KEENON,**  
HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.  
Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2nd door from corner. (Aug. 29, 1860-4f.)

**HORT. J. BRIDGEMAN,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
LEXINGTON, KY.

Office on Short street between Lime and Chestnut streets.  
May 23, 1860-4f.

**LYSANDER HORD,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.  
Frankfort, Jan. 13, 1860-4f.

**CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

Office on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.  
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.  
Jan. 5, 1860-4f.

**J. W. FINNELL,**  
**FINNELL & CHAMBERS,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office—West Side Street St. bet. Third & Fourth Streets.  
COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.  
February 22, 1860-4f.

**T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.  
Jan. 3, 1860-4f.

**JOHN RODMAN,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties. Office on St. Clair street, near the Court House.  
Oct. 28, 1860.

**J. H. KINKEAD,**  
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Missouri, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.  
Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.  
May 6, 1857-4f.

## DENTAL SURGERY,

**BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.**

His operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, thus being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.  
Office at his residence on Main street.  
Frankfort, May 27, 1858.

## A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.

A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all its branches, at his old stand, over Hon. J. Harlan's office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.  
BOOKS ruled to any patron, and of the very best quality of paper.  
BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.  
Frankfort, July 2, 1860-4f.

## CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO ever brought to this city. A box of fine cigars makes a handsome Christmas or New Year's gift. Call and get them at [dec] GRAY & TODD'S.

## FOR RENT.

THE Two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.  
Dec. 14, 1860-4f.

## Greenwood Female Seminary, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

**MRS. MARY TRAYNE RUNYAN, PRINCIPAL.**  
The Twenty-Sixth semi-annual Session of this School will commence on the First Monday in September, (September 3, 1861.)

**EXPENSES PER SESSION:**  
Board, including fuel and lights.....\$20 00  
Tuition in primary class.....10 00  
Tuition in middle and senior classes.....20 00  
French, Latin, Drawing, and Painting in water colors, each.....10 00  
Oriental, Pastel, Gouache, and Italian Painting, each.....5 00  
Music on Piano.....25 00  
Use of Instrument for practice.....5 00  
Furnishing.....5 00  
Contingent fees.....25 00  
Instructions in Plain and Ornamental Needlework without charge. No deduction for voluntary absence.  
For further information address the Principal.  
July 23, 1861-w4wtw.

## FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

**J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.**  
ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.  
N. B.—Largest assortment of all styles.  
September 19, 1860-w4wtw.

## COMMITTED TO JAIL.

WAS committed to the jail of Anderson county, on the 13th inst., as a runaway slave, a NEGRO MAN, who calls himself J. O. Wesley, and says that he belongs to the heirs of Samuel Wesley, deceased, of Lincoln county, Ky. Said negro man is about 36 or 37 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; black complexion, with whiskers; slender make, and will weigh about one hundred and sixty pounds. Said negro says that he has been hired to Charles Marshall, of Henry county, Ky. He was arrested in Anderson county, Ky., and the owner of said slave is hereby notified to come forward, prove his right to said slave, pay the fees and expenses, and take him away.  
WILLIAM SUTTON, J. A. C. Lawrenceburg, Sept. 26-4f.

## For Sale.

A Negro Woman, a New Carriage, and Jacks and Jennets.  
I WISH to sell at private sale a valuable NEGRO WOMAN, about 38 or 39 years old—sound and healthy; a fine NEW CARRIAGE, which was made in Salem, Ohio, and has never been used; FOUR JACKS, one 4 years old next spring, and the others younger; and FIFTEEN JENNETS, of different ages.  
Good bargains will be given.  
L. W. MACEY.  
Nov 20

## SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE Seventh Session of Mrs. M. A. SATTERWHITE'S School for children, will commence on Monday, September 24, 1861.  
Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks, \$5  
No deduction for voluntary absence.  
July 26, 1861-4f.

**JOHN P. MORTON & CO.,**  
(SUCCESSORS TO MORTON & GRISWOLD.)  
Bookbinders, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.  
Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied with all advances on cost. Wholesale or Retail.  
[July 13, 1860-5f.]

## PHOENIX FOUNDRY.

TESTE ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL,  
OPPOSITE THE ARTESIAN WELL,  
WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent.

MANUFACTURERS OF Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c.; Cranks, Gudgeons, Rag Irons, Saw Blades, Carriage Segments, Cotton Gin Segments, and Pistons, Grist Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Sumpage away on hand.

Boiler's Reaction Water Wheels for Grist or Saw Mills.  
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gearings.  
Castings made at the shortest notice.  
H. GRAINGER, Agent,  
January 17, 1860-4f. Louisville, Ky.

## NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.  
THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.  
THROUGH TO CINCINNATI IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any part of

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates. Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville.  
Apply at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 515, Main street, Louisville, Ky.  
Aug. 31, 1857-4f. E. O. NORTON, Agent.

## NATIONAL HOTEL,

Corner Main and Fourth Streets,  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

\$1 50 PER DAY.

Aug. 16, 1861. T. A. HARROW, Prop'r.

Confectionaries, Fruits, Nuts, &c., for Christmas and New Year.

**GRAY & TODD** have now on hand the largest assortment of  
Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Nuts, &c.,  
Ever before offered in this market, which they will dispose of cheap. Every one desiring anything in their line for Christmas and New Year, will make money by giving them a call, as they are determined to sell.

Artesian Well Water.  
A SUPPLY always on hand at  
SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.  
April, 1860.

## Fever and Ague,

from which mankind suffer over a large part of the globe, is the consequence of a diseased action of the system, induced by the poisonous miasm of vegetable decay. This miasm is evolved by the action of solar heat on wet soil, and rises with the watery vapor from it. While the sun is below the horizon this vapor lingers near the earth's surface, and the virus is taken with it through the lungs into the blood. There it acts as an irritating poison on the internal viscera and excreting organs of the body. The liver becomes torpid and fails to secrete not only this virus, but also the bile from the blood. Both this virus and the bile accumulate in the circulation, and produce violent constitutional disorder. The spleen, the kidneys, and the stomach sympathize with the liver, and become disordered also. Finally, the instinct of our organism, as if in an attempt to expel the noxious infusion, concentrates the whole blood of the body in the internal excretories to force them to cast it out. The blood leaves the surface, and rushes to the central organs with congestive violence. This is the crisis. But in this effort it fails. Then the Fever follows, in which the blood leaves the central organs and rushes to the surface, as if in another effort to expel the irritating poison through that great excretory—the skin. In this also it fails, and the system abandons the attempt exhausted, and waits for the recovery of strength to repeat the hopeless effort another day. These are the fits or paroxysms of FEVER AND AGUE. Such constitutional disorder will of course undermine the health if it is not removed.

## Ayer's Ague Cure,

which neutralizes this malarious poison in the blood, and stimulates the liver to expel it from the body. As it should, so it does cure this afflicting disorder with perfect certainty. And it does more; or rather does what is of more service to those subject to this infection. If taken in season it expels the miasm as it is evolved, and thus keeps those who use it free from its attacks; keeps the system in health although exposed to the disease. Consequently it not only cures, but protects from the great variety of affections which are induced by this miasmatic influence, such as Remittent Fever, Chills, Fever, Dumb, or Masked Ague, Periodic Headache, or Bilious Headache, Bilious Fevers, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Pleurisy, Dropsy, Dropsy of the Spleen, Dropsy of the Colon, Paralysis, and Painful Affections of the Stomach and Bowels, all of which, when arising from this cause, will be found to assume more or less of an intermittent type. This Ague Cure removes the cause of these derangements, and cures the disease.

This it accomplishes by stimulating the excretories to expel the virus from the system, and these organs, when thus stimulated, do this with their office of their own accord. Hence arises what we term "acclimation." Time may accomplish the same end, but often life is not long enough, or is sacrificed in the attempt, while this "Ague Cure" does it at once, and with safety. We have great reason to believe this is a safer as well as safer remedy for the whole class of diseases which are caused by the miasmatic infection, than any other which has been proposed, and it is still another important advantage to the public, which is, that it is cheap as well as good.

PREPARED BY  
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO.**  
LOWELL, MASS.

Price ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral**  
has won for itself such a reputation for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been tried. It is a long time since we have seen it throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A PURGATIVE MEDICINE.

FOR COSTIVENESS;  
FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA;  
FOR JAUNDICE;  
FOR THE CURE OF INDIGESTION;  
FOR HEADACHE;  
FOR THE CURE OF DYSMENSTRY;  
FOR A FOUL STOMACH;  
FOR THE CURE OF ENTERITIS;  
FOR THE PILLS;  
FOR THE CURE OF SCROFULA;  
FOR ALL SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS;  
FOR THE CURE OF RHEUMATISM;  
FOR DISEASES OF THE SKIN;  
FOR THE CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT;  
FOR DROPSY;  
FOR THE CURE OF ENTERIC FEVERS AND SALT RHEUM;  
FOR WORMS;  
FOR THE CURE OF GOUT;  
FOR A DROPPING EYE;  
FOR THE CURE OF NEURALGIA;  
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.  
They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.  
Price 25 cents per Box; Six Boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent persons, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled merit of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale

For sale by J. M. MILLS and W. H. AVERILL, Frankfort, and by all Druggists.

**R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,** Louisville, Ky.,  
April 23, 1861-1y. General Agents.

## NEW REMEDIES FOR SPERMATORRHEA.

**HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.**  
A Benevolent Institution established by special appointment, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Venereal and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs.  
MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.  
VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three letters for postage will be acceptable. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HUGHES, Howard Association, No. 2, S. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.  
July 26, 1861-w1y.

## LOOK AT THIS!

I WOULD inform my old patrons and the public, that I am again at the "BOURBON HOUSE," in Paris, Ky., and ask a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore received.  
MRS. R. THURSTON.

P. S.—To all those owing the late firm of R. THURSTON & SONS, by note or account, I would say that I will exchange, either for country produce at market price, or  
September 1, 1861. R. T.

## HOT AND COLD BATHS

To be had, day and night, at  
SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.  
Feb. 8, 1860.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

WHEREAS, the following Act, to-wit:

AN ACT to raise Volunteer Forces, to repel the invasion of the State and for other purposes.  
§ 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That as he soil of the State of Kentucky has been invaded by armed forces, acting under the authority of these so-called Confederate States, therefore, for the purpose of repelling said invasion the Governor of the State of Kentucky is hereby directed to issue his proclamation, under the seal of his office, and to call upon the able-bodied and patriotic citizens of the State, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, to be mustered into the service of this Commonwealth for any term of service not less than twelve months nor more than three years, from the time they were mustered into service, unless sooner discharged.

§ 2. That the Governor be, and he is hereby, authorized, in order to raise said force, to accept of the services of any volunteer companies who shall, within three months from the date of his proclamation, tender their services, and be accepted by the Governor, for purposes aforesaid, necessary and proper for the command of such volunteers.

§ 3. That all volunteer officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, whose services may be tendered and accepted under the provisions of this act, shall be mustered into service, at such places of rendezvous in the Congressional District in which they volunteer, as the General in the field shall appoint by his orders, and when so mustered into service shall be then and there entitled to receive in advance one month's pay, to be taken and considered as part of their pay.

§ 4. That the Governor be also authorized to accept the services of fifteen hundred men, in addition to the forty thousand men provided for by this act, one thousand to be used as sharpshooters and scouts, and five hundred to be used as horsemen and scouts, they furnishing their own horses: Provided, That no person shall be accepted in this arm of the service unless his skill and capacity have been tested by the General in command, or such officer as he may detail for that purpose, and provided also, That such persons shall receive five dollars per month of extra pay.

§ 5. That each horseman for the service of his horse shall receive five dollars per month; and in case his horse is killed by the enemy, he shall be paid the value of the horse, not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars.

§ 6. That the commander in the field may organize individuals who tender themselves into companies, and such companies may tender themselves into squadrons, battalions, and regiments, and permit them to elect their officers, who shall, when so elected, be commissioned by the Governor on the certificate of the General commanding.

§ 7. That the Governor is authorized to accept the services of squadrons, battalions, and regiments, when tendered as such, and commission the officers elected by the squadrons, battalions, and regiments so organized. The election of officers, shall be superintended and conducted by any justice of the peace or judge of the county court who may be called on for that purpose, and such justice or judge shall certify to the military board the names of the officers elected, and for what office each is elected and thereupon shall certify to the Governor the names of the officers elected, and what office they have been respectively elected to fill, who shall issue commissions in conformity to such certificate.

§ 8. That the commanding General shall be entitled to appoint and employ such staff officers, and with such rank, as the Inspector General is empowered to appoint by the 14th section of the 34 article of the act, entitled "an act for the better organization of the Kentucky militia," approved March 5, 1860; and he shall have the authority conferred on said Inspector General by the 10th, 11th, and 12th sections of said article of said act.

§ 9. The troops raised under this act shall be organized into squadrons, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, and have the same number of officers for each squadron, battalion, regiment, brigade and division, as are allowed in the army of the United States, and shall receive the same pay and allowances as are allowed the troops of the United States of the same rank and grade. When brigades and divisions are formed, out of the troops so raised, they shall be ordered according to existing laws.

§ 10. The troops raised under this act shall be organized into squadrons, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, and have the same number of officers for each squadron, battalion, regiment, brigade and division, as are allowed in the army of the United States, and shall receive the same pay and allowances as are allowed the troops of the United States of the same rank and grade. When brigades and divisions are formed, out of the troops so raised, they shall be ordered according to existing laws.

§ 11. This act to be of force from its passage.  
Has this day been passed by both houses of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Governor's objections thereto to the contrary notwithstanding, and is therefore the law of the land. Now, therefore, I do hereby issue this, my proclamation, commanding all officers and citizens of this State to render obedience to all the requirements of said above recited act.

**IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,** I, Beriah Magoffin, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of the State to be hereunto affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 30th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord, 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.  
By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.  
Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State.  
By Jas. W. Tate, Assistant Secretary.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

In obedience to the subjoined joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the Government of the Confederate States, the State of Tennessee, and all others concerned, are hereby informed that "Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally."

## IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,

I have hereunto set my name and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of September, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.  
Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State.  
Sept. 14, 1861-w4wtw-3m.

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That His Excellency, Governor Magoffin, be and he is hereby instructed to inform those concerned that Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

On and after Monday July 8th, 1861, Freight Trains will leave Louisville only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; and Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, running on regular car time. SAM. GILL, Sept. 7, 1861.

## SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE SECOND SESSION OF MRS. MARY WILLIS TODD'S school for boys will commence on Monday, August 19th, 1861, in the house lately occupied by H. Evans, adjoining the residence of Col. J. H. Garrison. All the usual English branches are taught in connection with Latin and Algebra.  
Terms, per Session of Twenty Weeks, - \$15 July 8th.

LEON LAMM, Baltimore, Maryland. SAMUEL LAMM, Parkersburg, Virginia.

## LAMM & BRO.,

HAVE opened a CLOTHING STORE under the "COMMONWEALTH OFFICE," on St. Clair Street, in the City of Frankfort. They will keep on hand at all times a well selected stock of Ready-made Clothing and Furnishing Goods,

which they will sell for CASH, at the very lowest prices. They have every facility for selecting their Goods in the very best markets in the United States, besides being themselves large manufacturers.

They have appointed LIPMAN LAMM their Agent, who will conduct their business in this place, and who is acquainted with the wants of the market.  
[Aug. 19, 1861-3m.]

**DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?**  
**DO**



# THE COMMONWEALTH.

## KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

### IN SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 16, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Elder Wm. T. Moore, of the Christian church. The journal of Saturday was read by the Clerk.

### A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

Was received by Mr. SAMUELS, Clerk, announcing the passage of several bills which originated in that House, in which they ask the concurrence of the Senate; also that the House had concurred in the Senate substitute to the House bill to appropriate money to the Western Lunatic Asylum, and the concurrence of the House in several Senate bills, and their concurrence in a Senate resolution touching the relation of debtor and creditor.

### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. BRUNER—Circuit Courts—A. H. R. bill concerning pauper idiots, with amendments: amendments adopted, and the bill was passed.

Mr. BRUNER—Codes of Practice—A. H. R. bill to amend section 221 of the Civil Code of Practice, and the H. R. amendment to the Senate's amendment to same, with the opinion that the amendment should be concurred in: concurred in.

Mr. DENNY—Education—A. H. R. bill in relation to the appointment of Common School Commissioners, with a substitute for said bill: substitute adopted, and bill as amended passed.

Same—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of district schools, with a substitute for said bill: substitute adopted, and bill passed.

Same—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of the trustees of school district, No. 9, in Letcher county: passed.

Mr. ALEXANDER—County Courts—A. H. R. bill to authorize the county court of Hancock county to increase the county levy: placed in the orders of the day.

Same—A. H. R. bill to prevent the clerks of courts in Boone county from practicing in certain courts.

Mr. ROBINSON moved an amendment to make the bill general, so as to apply to all the clerks in the State: adopted.

The bill was then passed, as amended.

Mr. GROVER—County Courts—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of Meade county: passed.

Mr. GROVER—Finance—A bill to repeal an act, entitled, an act to prescribe the means and mode of opening roads in Boone county, approved December 23, 1859: passed.

Mr. DEHAVEN—Finance—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of J. D. Pollard, of the city of Frankfort: passed.

Same—A bill authorizing the trustees of the parsonage property of the Methodist Church South in Floydsburg to convey the said property to J. M. Head: passed.

Mr. READ—Revised Statutes—A bill for the benefit of the Spencer and Nelson county turnpike road company: passed.

Mr. WORTHINGTON—Internal Improvement—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of Solomon Williamson: passed.

Mr. ROBINSON—Judiciary—A. H. R. bill for the benefit of the Kentucky Annual Conference of the Methodist Church South, with amendments: amendments adopted, and bill passed as amended.

Mr. READ—Revised Statutes—Asked to be discharged from a leave to bring in a bill in relation to runaways: discharged.

### RESOLUTION.

Mr. ALEXANDER, from the committee on Geological Survey, reported the following resolution, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Secretary of State be required to distribute the fourth volume of the Geological Survey of Kentucky as follows, viz: 10 copies to each of the Senators and Representatives of the present Assembly, and one copy to each of the officers of the two Houses, and one to each of the heads of Departments of the State. That he deposit 100 copies in the State library, 25 copies in the Secretary's office, and the remainder to be distributed when the other public books are distributed to the several counties of this Commonwealth, to be deposited in the county clerk's office, to be kept there as other public books.

Adopted.

### ENROLLMENTS.

Mr. GILLISS reported sundry bills correctly enrolled. They were signed by the Speaker, and sent to the Governor for his approval and signature.

### RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. READ offered the following preamble and resolution, viz:

Whereas, it has been, and will be, necessary for the Federal troops in Kentucky to camp upon the lands and premises of many of the citizens within the State aforesaid, and thereby great destruction of property in the article of rails, crops, &c., will result to those on whose lands said encampments are, and have been, made; and, whereas, it is understood that the Federal Government is not now paying the damages incurred to persons in the manner aforesaid, nor will it do so until the war is ended, and, in consequence of which, many persons are greatly damaged, and in many instances, entirely ruined;—therefore,

Resolved, That the committee on Finance be and is hereby instructed to take the matter into consideration, as well as the propriety of the State assuming the responsibility of paying all persons who have been, or may be, damaged in the manner above stated, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. DENNY moved that the resolution be laid on the table: negatived by yeas 6, nays 17.

Mr. MCHENNY offered the following amendment, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That said committee also inquire into the expediency of providing for the remuneration of loyal citizens who have been despoiled of their property by the rebel forces.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

### LEAVES.

The following leaves to bring in bills were granted, and appropriately referred:

Mr. MCCLURE—A bill for the benefit of Jas. P. Miller, late sheriff of Russell county.

Mr. GILLISS—A bill for the benefit of Captains companies, who volunteered under Federal regulations, and were afterwards transferred to the State organization.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the sheriffs of Whitley, Knox, Laurel and Rockcastle counties.

Mr. ALEXANDER—A bill for the benefit of James H. Reynolds, sheriff of Adair county.

Mr. READ—A bill for the benefit of the sheriffs of Spencer and Larnie counties.

### ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The H. R. resolutions in relation to a railroad to connect Kentucky with East Tennessee and Western North Carolina, and the amendment of Mr. Prall, were taken up.

Mr. GROVER being entitled to the floor continued his remarks in opposition to the resolutions, and upon the political questions

of the day. He spoke at considerable length. When Mr. GROVER concluded his remarks, The Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Dec. 16, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. J. N. Norton, of the Episcopal church. The journal of Saturday was read.

### A PETITION.

Was presented by Mr. GRIFFITH, and appropriately referred.

### BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. SHANKLIN—Circuit Courts—A bill to change the time of holding the Lincoln and Pulaski circuit courts, and for other purposes: passed.

Mr. HUSTON—Revised Statutes—A bill to amend the law in relation to descent and distribution. [Section 11, chap. 30, of Revised Statutes, so amended, that in all cases where an intestate leaves a widow, but no children living, the widow shall be entitled to have set apart to her by the appraisers of the estate the property and provisions enumerated in said section and all amendments thereto, without having the value thereof charged to her:] referred to the Judiciary committee.

Same—A bill to amend sec. 7, art. 14, chapter 36, of Revised Statutes: reported the same, with the opinion of the committee that it ought not to pass. [So amended that an execution in the hands of an officer, and endorsed by him, shall create a lien in favor of the plaintiff in any such execution, on any growing crops not yet severed from the ground, though such crop, until so severed, shall not be liable to levy and sale until after the first day of October in each year:] rejected.

Same—A bill prescribing further duties of grand and petit jurors: reported the same, with the opinion that it ought not to pass. [To take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and be true and faithful to the Commonwealth of Kentucky, so long as they remain citizens thereof.]

The question being taken on ordering said bill to be read a second time, it was decided in the affirmative—yeas, 39; nays, 28.

Mr. G. M. THOMAS offered an amendment requiring them also to swear "that they have not aided or assisted in the rebellion against the United States:" adopted.

Mr. CONKLIN moved to lay the bill, as amended, on the table: adopted—yeas, 35; nays, 34.

Mr. G. M. THOMAS—County Courts—A bill for the benefit of Wm. Payne, jailer of Rockcastle county: passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Geo. W. Darlington, late sheriff of Greenup county. [Allowed the further time of two years to collect fee bills, &c.]

Mr. ALLEN offered an amendment, allowing all late sheriffs in the State the further time of two years to collect taxes, fee bills, &c.

Mr. HUSTON moved to refer the bill and amendment to the committee on Ways and Means: adopted.

### RECONSIDERATION.

Mr. WOLFE moved to reconsider the vote by which a bill prescribing further duties of grand and petit jurors was laid on the table: motion ordered.

### SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the bill for the benefit of the Kentucky soldiers in the Federal army: placed in the orders of the day.

### KENTUCKY PENITENTIARY.

The House then took up the bill to provide for the government and discipline of the Kentucky Penitentiary, and to repeal all laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith: made special order for Thursday at 11 o'clock.

### BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. TURNER—Codes of Practice—A bill to amend section 474 Civil Code of Practice. Said bill reads as follows:

§ 1. That section 474, Civil Code of Practice, be amended by adding the words, "or his assignee," in the 6th line, just after the word "plaintiff in the execution." § 2. Nothing in this act shall exempt such assignee from giving bond, and making oath to his petition, as required in cases of attachment.

Mr. YEAMAN offered an amendment, by way of substitute, providing that said section be so amended, that when any execution of *fi. fa.* is returned by the proper officer, either as to the whole or part thereof, in substance, no property found to satisfy the same, any plaintiff in an action against the defendant in the execution so returned, may have the attachment provided for in said section, but if such return be upon an execution at the suit of any party other than the plaintiff seeking the attachment, he shall first give the bond required by section 224, of Civil Code, rejected.

Mr. G. M. THOMAS moved to amend the original bill by striking out the 53 section. The bill and amendment were then laid on the table.

Mr. RICKETTS—Codes of Practice—A bill to amend the law in relation to proceedings in civil and equitable cases in the courts of this Commonwealth: rejected.

Mr. VAN WINKLE—Codes of Practice—A Senate bill entitled, "an act to amend title 7, chapter 4, of Code of Practice," approved December 16th, 1857: passed.

Said bill is as follows:

§ 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That an act, entitled, "an act to amend title 7, chapter 4, of the Code of Practice," be so amended that the provisions thereof shall apply to a plaintiff who has a cause of action against a co-defendant, or other person, growing out of, or connected with, the subject-matter of the counter claim or offset set up in the defendant's answer; and such plaintiff may, either by amended petition or in his reply to such offset or counter claim, set forth and present said cause of action, as in a cross petition, and introduce any new parties that may be necessary to an adjudication of the same; and the same shall be prosecuted in such manner as is provided by the act, to which this is an amendment, in relation to cross petitions by a defendant growing out of matters set up in the petition of a plaintiff.

§ 2. This act shall apply to proceedings, in conformity therewith, which have been instituted in actions already pending, and it shall take effect from and after its passage.

Same—A Senate bill to amend the Code of Practice in Civil Cases: reported the same with amendments: amendments concurred in.

Mr. IRELAND offered an amendment, but before any vote was taken the hour arrived for the

### SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the special order for 12 o'clock, which was the resolutions presented by Mr. WOLFE, on Saturday, from the committee on Federal Relations, and published in the House proceedings of that day, together with the resolutions offered by Mr. BURNS, from a minority of said committee.

Messrs. WOLFE and HUSTON advocated the adoption of the resolution presented by Mr. WOLFE at some length.

The House took a recess until 3 o'clock.

### EVENING SESSION.

#### LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz:

Mr. ALLEN—A bill incorporating the Cloverport oil and coal company.

Mr. HAMPTON—A bill appointing three loyal commissioners, in the counties of Morgan and Wolfe, for the purpose of investigating damages sustained by citizens of said counties, and for other purposes.

Mr. MURPHY—A bill for the protection of schools, seminaries, and colleges during public examinations.

Same—A bill for the benefit of T. W. Samuels, sheriff of Nelson county.

Mr. M. YOUNG—A bill for the benefit of school district, No. 42, in Henderson county.

Mr. YEAMAN—A bill for the benefit of Josiah Veatch, late deputy sheriff of Davies county.

Mr. BROWNE—A bill for the benefit of John M. Smith, committee of Eliz Ann Rice, an idiot.

Same—A bill to amend the rule of evidence in the trial of criminal cases.

### BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. MEARS—A bill for the benefit of the trustees of school district, No. 12, in Green county: passed.

Mr. MORROW—A bill authorizing the county judge of Pulaski county to appoint a sheriff: referred to the committee on County Courts.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Somerset, Pulaski county: referred to the committee on Corporations.

### SPECIAL ORDER.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions reported by the committee on Federal Relations, together with the resolutions of Mr. BURNS, from a minority of said committee.

Mr. HUSTON moved to amend the 1st resolution reported by the committee, by striking out the words "has never sworn from her full and fervid loyalty."

Mr. HEADY moved to amend the 6th resolution by adding the following:

That the army should not admit slaves within its lines; should not work them on the fortifications; should not touch them in the States through which it marches, except when called on in aid of the civil authority.

Mr. UNDERWOOD addressed the House at some length, and before getting through gave way to a motion to adjourn.

And then the House adjourned.

A CRY OF DESPAIR.—The proclamation of Gen. Sterling Price—who, since C. F. Jackson's lapse into chronic intoxication and debauch, appears to have usurped the character of head insurgent in Missouri—is a cry of despair, and reveals vividly the utter hopelessness of the wicked cause he is engaged in. It is the death-rattle in the throat of Secession in Missouri.

When Gen. Price couples with his call for 50,000 men, the frank confession that C. F. Jackson's first call for 50,000 last June, was responded to by less than 5,000—all the imagined enthusiasm of the revolt in this State vanishes, and we behold it as it really is—a cold, apathetic movement, whose vitality has been exhausted by its first paroxysm, and which has since depended for support upon foreign invasion.

As the weakness of Price's cause is demonstrated by his despairing call for aid, its wickedness is shown by his infamous promise to confiscate \$200,000,000 of Northern means as spoils for his adherents. A cause that can meditate such an atrocious measure as is here boldly threatened, cannot be sought after than iniquitous and diabolical.

This proclamation disclosing as it does, the want of progress of the rebellion in Missouri, inspires the hope of an early restoration of peace to the State. There will be fighting on a small scale, in some parts of this State, during the coming winter, and disorders in our government and society for sometime afterwards, but no battles are probable as the enemy is not able to fight important engagements. Henceforth our duty will be mainly to watch the enemy. We have the State in our possession, and are now required only to hold it, and that this will be effectually done, cannot admit of a doubt.—*St. Louis Evening News.*

### COURT OF APPEALS.

Monday, Dec. 16th, 1861.

#### CAUSES DECIDED.

Simon v. Duchamp's exr. et al. Owen; affirmed. May et al v. Ernst; Clay; affirmed.

Winfrey et al v. Farley; Christian; affirmed. Garlin et al v. Crowder et al; Marion; affirmed. Swango et al v. Nickoll et al; Morgan; reversed. Hobbs v. Snyder; Carroll; reversed.

#### ORDERS.

Wheeler v. Carabash, Crittenden; continued. Burnes v. Anderson et al; Fulton; Travis et al v. Butler, Crittenden—were submitted on briefs.

Jones Benson, Jefferson; Millett v. Magill, Daviess—petitions for rehearing filed.

Paris, Ky., Dec. 14.

Abt. Spears and Dan. Hebler, two of the most prominent secessionists of this county, were killed about 5 o'clock this evening. Hebler shot a soldier through the head, killing him, when one of the soldier's comrades killed them both. The fracas originated by a man named Rogers attempting to get out of town with contraband goods and letters for the Southern Confederacy. Rogers was captured, and is now in jail. The letters found on him are in the possession of the authorities. An attack upon the town by the rebels is expected, and reinforcements have been sent for. Seven hundred soldiers will be here to-night. All was quiet up to 9 P. M.

To MARY IN—CRINOLINE.—I am thinking of the time, Mary, when sitting by thy side, and shelling beans, I gazed on thee, and felt a wondrous pride. In silence leaned we o'er the pan, and neither spoke a word, but the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound we heard. Thy Auburn curls hung down, Mary, and kissed thy lily cheek; thy azure eyes, half filled with tears, bespoke a spirit meek. To be so charmed as I was then, had ne'er before occurred, when the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound we heard. I thought it was not wrong, Mary, so leaning o'er the dish, as you snatched up a handful of beans, I snatched a nectared kiss. And suddenly there came a shower, as I neither saw nor stirred, but the rattling of the beans, Mary, was all the sound I heard.

A traveler in Ireland having been inclined to deny that the peasantry were humorous, was told to ask any question of the first laboring man he met on the road. Accordingly, on seeing a sturdy fellow break stones, he says, "Now, my man, if the devil were to come here, just now, which would he take you or me?" "Me, to be sure," says the man, "for he's certain of your honor at any time."

### KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

#### SENATORS HOLDING OVER—TERM EXPIRES IN 1863.

Boyle, Casey, and Adair—T. T. Alexander.

Warren, Allen, and Edmonson—W. T. Anthony.

Cumberland, Clinton, Wayne, and Russell—Nathan McClure.

Carroll, Gallatin, and Boone—Charles Chambers.

Hopkins, Union, and Crittenden—Ben. P. Cissell.

Floyd, Johnson, Morgan, and Pike—A. L. Davidson.

Henry, Oldham, and Trimble—Samuel E. DeHaven.

Madison and Garrard—George Denny.

Whitley, Laurel, Knox, and Rockcastle—Wm. C. Gillis.

Christian and Todd—R. E. Glenn.

Calloway, Trigg, and Marshall—John L. Irvan.

Hickman, Ballard, Graves, and Fulton—Samuel H. Jenkins.

McCracken, Livingston, Caldwell, and Lyon—J. M. Johnson.

Harrison and Bracken—T. P. Marshall.

Jefferson Co. and 7th and 8th wards of City—C. D. Pennebaker.

Bourbon and Bath—John A. Prall.

Logan, Simpson, and Butler—A. G. Rheas.

Six Wards City Louisville—Jas. Speed.

Hart, Green, and Taylor—Clairborn J. Walton.

#### SENATORS ELECTED IN 1861.

Davies, McLean and Henderson—Wm. Anthony.

Campbell and Pendleton—R. T. Baker.

Breckinridge, Grayson, Hancock and Edmonson—John E. Bruner.

Clarke and Madison—James H. G. Bush.

Wayne, Pulaski and Clinton—M. P. Buxter.

Montgomery, Powell, Estill, Owsley and Jackson—Walter Child.

Meade, Hardin and Bullitt—R. H. Field.

Kenton—John F. Flak.

Clay, Perry, Breathitt, Letcher and Harlan—Theophilus T. Garrard.

City of Louisville—James Speed to supply vacancy occasioned by the resignation of L. H. Woodhouse.

Franklin, and Anderson—J. Kemp Goodloe.

Greenup, Lawrence, Boyd and Carter—W. C. Grier.

Owen, Carroll and Trimble—A. P. Grover.

Mason and Lewis—Martin P. Marshall.

Ohio, Butler and Muhlenburg—H. D. McHenry.

Larue, Nelson and Spencer—W. B. Read.

Fayette and Scott—James F. Robinson.

Washington, Marion, and Taylor—Ben. Spalding.

Shelby, Henry and Oldham—Walker C. Whitaker.

Jessamine, Boyle and Mercer—Charles T. Worthington.

#### REPRESENTATIVES.

Adair—F. J. Rigney.

Allen—J. W. Heeter.

Bracken—F. L. Cleveland.

Butler and Edmonson—L. J. Proctor.

Bath—V. B. Young.

Breckinridge—Alf. Allen.

Bourbon—B. J. Clay.

Boone—James Calvert.

Boyd and Lawrence—D. W. Johns.

Boyle—W. C. Anderson.

Bullitt—W. J. Heady.

Clay—A. T. White.

Crittenden—John W. Blue.

Carter and Rowan—Stephen J. England.

Clinton and Cumberland—Otho Miller.

Christian—Geo. Poindexter.

Campbell—G. P. Webster and Cyrus Campbell.

Clarke—Jno. B. Huston.

Davies—Geo. H. Yeaman.

Davies and Jackson—A. A. Curtis.

Franklin—E. C. Anderson.

Fayette—R. A. Buckner.

Fleming—L. W. Andrews.

### SOMETHING FOR THE TIMES!!

A NECESSITY IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

#### JOHNS &amp



# THE COMMONWEALTH. FRANKFORT.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1861.

## East Tennessee.

The movements of the gallant Union men of East Tennessee continue to afford a matter of unfeigned alarm, as well as of daily chronicle to the Secession press. It is a most mortifying consideration that we should derive from Secession sources all our intelligence respecting these indications of unabated loyalty to the National Government—a loyalty which has not only refused to blench in the presence of revolutionary violence, but has even survived the apparent desertion of a Government which boasts of an army reaching to the number of 660,000. It is greatly to be regretted that of this large force no portion can be diverted to the rescue and defense of the intrepid Unionists of East Tennessee, who have deserved something better than a halter as a reward for their persistent fidelity to the national flag. We append from recent Southern journals some very painful intimations under this head:

[From the Lynchburg Republican Dec. 5.]  
A letter from one of our subscribers, a Colonel in the Confederate service, dated Russellville, Tennessee, December 3, says that the Tories and bridge burners have not all left East Tennessee yet. Since we drove them from the Chimney Top Mountains they have collected in Cooke and Hancock counties, where our citizen soldiers have made two unsuccessful attempts upon them. I hope, however, to get them today with my command, and will avail myself of the earliest moment to advise you as to the results. We hung two of the leading bridge burners in Greenville Saturday evening.

[From the Knoxville Register of December 4.]  
Garrett Hall, formerly of Morgan county, Tennessee, but who for some months has been with the East Tennessee Lincoln troops in Kentucky, was arrested in that county on Monday last and brought to this city by Confederate troops. We understand that when arrested he was acting in the capacity of a recruiting officer for Lincoln's army in Kentucky. He is represented as a desperate man, and in making the arrest he was shot by one of the Confederate party, but we learn, not severely wounded. Considerable curiosity was manifested by the citizens on his arrival, everybody wanting to get a peep at the "mule." He was lodged in the city jail.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE.  
A private dispatch from Knoxville, received in Richmond, brings information that several skirmishes had occurred between the Lincolnists and Confederates near Morristown, with what results was not stated. Gen. Carroll, with one thousand of his command, had left Knoxville for the infected district.

THE BADAD SKIRMISH.—There were ten men under Lieut. Dunlap, of Col. Whitaker's regiment, and forty-seven well-armed rebels engaged in the skirmish last week. Lieut. Dunlap held his ground under several fire, and returned them with effect, as one rebel was severely wounded in the body and one in the arm, though they were protected by a log house, loop-holed for defense. Young Moody, of Lieut. D.'s command, was wounded in the right breast; the ball struck a rib and glanced off; he will soon be ready for service again. Lieut. Dunlap held the house in range of his Enfield rifles and sent for men to storm it, but the rebels decamped in hot haste before the arrival of the reinforcements, which proceeded immediately in pursuit of them toward Owen county.

FOR IRELAND.—A conversation occurred on 'Chapin, in New York, a day or two since, in reference to the famine in Ireland, and much sympathy was expressed among those gathered there for the destitute of the Green Isle. A leading ship-owner hinted that if the stories of destitution were confirmed, he had half a mind to load a ship with provisions for the needy; whereupon, a leading commission merchant, whose word is as good as his bond, remarked that if the thing were done, he would contribute 5,000 bushels of prime corn; another, who joined in the conversation pledged one hundred dollars in such a contingency; another fifty dollars; and one or two more various sums from twenty-five to seventy-five dollars, sufficient to make a handsome contribution, if the project were carried out.

COL. LINDSEY'S REGIMENT.—The men recruited under Colonel Wilson and Lindsey were consolidated at Camp Swigert, near Greensburg, Ky., on Friday last; whereupon the following officers were elected: D. W. Lindsey, Colonel; G. W. Monroe, Lieutenant-Colonel; and Mr. Cook, Major. The new organization involves the necessity of Col. Wilson's retiring. Col. Lindsey announced the following appointments: Quartermaster, E. F. Dulin; Assistant Quartermaster, John T. Gathright, of the Marion Rifles; Commissary, Charles G. Shanks, also of the Marion Rifles.

The Henderson (Ky.) Mail of the 12th inst., says that business is a little revived in Henderson in consequence of the farmers bringing in their tobacco of the present year's produce. The receipts have been comparatively small, but sufficient to give a more life-like appearance to the city than it was in the early fall. The crop in that section is generally of at least an average quality, and the prices very well compensate the producer.

The Covington Journal says: Mr. Daniel A. Glidden, a well known citizen of Covington, has been missing since the 12th of November last. He was last seen on the ferry-boat, crossing to Cincinnati, and it is feared that he fell overboard and was drowned. If drowned his friends offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the recovery of his body.

## The Confederate Cause Abroad.

The Baltimore American says, the report that comes from England with relation to the Confederate steamer Nashville and her late disastrous exploit, the destruction of the fine ship Harvey Birch, is sufficient to extinguish the last ray of hope entertained by the secession leaders that they have any substantial sympathy there. At any rate whatever may be felt in submission to a wholesome fear of rupture with this Government, unmistakable in its manifestations. And what is more, in relation to this matter, high authority there seems to have fairly anticipated and settled the questions that have arisen from the picking up of the Rebel Commissioners, as affording not only no cause for war, but not even cause for complaint! Indeed, the better opinion now is, on all sides, that our government, represented by Captain Wilkes, acted with remarkable forbearance in not seizing the British steamer, as well as the contraband passengers on board of her.

What remains, then, to complete the extinguishment of their hopes it is hard to surmise. The disappointments and losses that have fallen upon them of late have been manifold; and if it should so happen that whilst the Rebel steamer at Southampton is getting that "new deck" the James Adger or some other Government steamer should be found lying in wait for her, the climax of their disasters with reference to the "roving commission"—as the New Orleans Crescent irreverently termed the leaders abroad—would be reached. As for William L. Yancey and his fellow-revolutionists, even the London fishmongers cannot stomach them; and we fancy that the new missionary, with the odium of the Nashville's piratical exploit clinging to him, will fare no better. Even the truculent Times is constrained to frown upon the advent of the pirate steamer at Southampton.

In view of the bitter humiliations endured by the revolutionists, already over there, the two consigned to Fort Warren ought to congratulate themselves most heartily that they were stopped on the way. Unable to get a hearing, branded almost as would be pariahs by the myriads there who appreciate their wicked endeavors to destroy their own noble Government, for months past they have been consigned to that "hope deferred which maketh the heart sick," whilst they have seen the mighty power against which they have presumed to lift their hands rising in its strength day by day.

Let the people rejoice over results so just. Let them rally for the Constitution and the Union with new courage, as they see the miserable schemes of the rebels coming to naught. That treason is a dead failure who can doubt now, when we see all their cherished schemes for embroiling us with other nations overthrown, and their agents condemned by the right-thinking of every land?

PENSACOLA.—As Pensacola is just now an object of peculiar interest, a brief notice of it may not be out of place. Ships drawing 22 feet of water can cross the bar. The town is nine miles from the Navy Yard. There is no place south of Mason & Dixon's line, with the exception, perhaps, of St. Augustine, which can compare with it for its healthfulness throughout the year. Many of the inhabitants to this day speak the Spanish language. The completion of the railroad from the north, since the war commenced, insures its being in the future a great cotton mart, but hitherto its chief business has been the exportation of lumber. The capacity of the numerous mills tributary to the harbor Pensacola was sufficient in 1859 to saw 300,000 feet of lumber a day. In 1858, 31,000,000 feet were shipped. The arrivals and departures of merchant vessels amounted in the same year to three hundred.

Col. Albert observes: "The harbor of Pensacola, by its unrivaled strategic position and facility for interior communication, has a natural guardianship over the trade of the delta of the Mississippi. As a rendezvous for national ships, it can be made an impregnable point d'appui. It stands in the same relation to the Gulf of Mexico that Toulon does to the Mediterranean."

EMIGRATION.—The report issued by the State Department at Washington in regard to the number, sex, and age of passengers arriving in this country by sea from foreign countries, shows that from September, 30, 1844, to December 31, 1860, a period of seventeen years and three months, 4,356,441 were landed in the United States.

The number of emigrants arrived at New York for the week ending Tuesday last was only 183; a smaller number than has been reported in one week for several years. The total number of arrivals since the commencement of the year is 64,305, against 100,008 for the corresponding period in 1860.

We stated in our paper of Monday that the sheriffs of Woodford and Bourbon had both paid up the State revenue in full—the sheriff of Bourbon on the 13th December, and the sheriff of Woodford on the 14th. It is but just to the sheriff of Woodford to say that he had paid over \$14,000 previous to the 5th of December, while the sheriff of Bourbon had paid none until the 13th, when he paid all. As we before said, these sheriffs deserve credit for their promptness.

We have no later news from Somerset. Nothing was received from there by any one in this city by yesterday's mail. We saw it stated in a Louisville paper that firing of cannon had been heard at Columbia, in the direction of Somerset, on Friday.

According to the Auditor of the Treasury's report, Beverly Tucker, of Virginia, our late consul to Liverpool, now a rebel, is a defaulter in a large amount to the United States Government. His private and public debts are said to exceed \$200,000.

## Treason in Arkansas.

The recent message of Governor Reeder, of Arkansas, darkly and dolefully hinted at the existence of treason in the midst of this unhappy State. From other sources this passes beyond a surmise, since it is certain that arrests are being made of parties in Arkansas charged with being Union men.

The Little Rock State Journal of the 29th ultimo notices the arrival at that city of twenty-seven prisoners, members of a secret Lincoln organization from Van Buren county. They were lodged in jail for safe-keeping until tried by the civil authorities. Forty others were said to be on the way, and the names of the whole clan known, also their secret signs and passwords, which were divulged by a young man who was ignorant initiated into the order.

The Editor of the Little Rock Journal claims to speak most knowingly and entirely by the card in the matter, and claims to have been permitted to peruse the constitution of this organization. He says it is called a "Peace and Constitutional Society," and adds:

"They have 700 members in Searcy, Van Buren, Newton, and Izard counties, and 1,700 in the whole State. They have a regular system of signs and passwords, and are furnished with supplies of money from the Northern camps. The constitution makes it obligatory upon every member to hazard his life in aid of another in distress, and the penalty of expressing any of the secrets of the organization is death. \* \* \* Col. Lewis reports that those already taken were well supplied with arms and ammunition, and infers that those still at large are equally well equipped. Gen. Burgevin reports further to the authorities in reference to the disaffection of the people in that section, and gives the names of certain individuals engaged in fomenting discontent among them. Those who have been taken acknowledge their crime, plead nothing extenuating, but only beg for their lives."

## Rebel outrage in Nicholas county.

By the following extract, taken from a letter dated "Carlisle, Nicholas county, Dec. 15th, 1861," and written to a gentleman in this city, it will be seen that the rebels are perpetrating great outrages in that county: "We are in great excitement here to-night. A company of rebels from the mountains visited Eliza Price last night, and destroyed his property, and would have killed him, but he succeeded in making his escape. He sent here to-day for assistance, but the boys thought they had better stay and take care of their own homes, and none went. There is no doubt of there being a large number of rebels not far off. Will not the Legislature call out a regiment of cavalry, and place Col. Metcalf at their head? With such a regiment, and he at its head, we would have no fears of the rebels in North-eastern Kentucky."

PROPOSED REMODELLING OF ITALY.—It is said that the project of the new Italian confederation proposes a Northern Kingdom, with Victor Emanuel at its head; a Papal State, including Umbria and the Marches, and a Neapolitan kingdom under Francis II. Venice would be given to the Northern kingdom. The great obstacle to the realization of this plan is Baron Ricasoli; but every kind of intrigue was at work to displace him. The financial condition of France was still very precarious, and M. Fould was exercising all his ingenuity in order to lay the basis of a new budget.

COL. LANDRAN'S REGIMENT.—Col. Anderson's regiment was organized at Camp Harrod, Ky., on Friday, the 13th inst.; whereupon the following officers were elected: W. J. Landran, of Garrard county, Colonel; Jno. Cowan, of Boyle county, Lieutenant-Colonel; John R. Duncan, of Mercer county, Major; Colonel Landran made the following appointments: R. L. Cochran, of Garrard county, Adjutant; Geo. H. McKinney, of Lincoln county, Quartermaster; J. B. Sparks, of Mercer county, Surgeon; J. W. F. Parker, of Pulaski county, Assistant Surgeon; Prof. Jas. Mathews, of Centre College, Chaplain.

SKIRMISH ON GREEN RIVER.—We have received from a lieutenant in the U. S. service an account of a skirmish last Thursday on the banks of Green river. Co. 1 of the 15th Ohio was attacked by about 150 secession cavalry, who had dismounted from their horses and approached the patriots unobserved. The secessionists fired one round without killing or wounding a man, and it was returned by our infantry with a couple of volleys, wounding several. The cavalry then retired, bearing their wounded with them.

THE STRENGTH OF FORT PICKENS.—Lieut. Warden, who has arrived in New York, having escaped from the rebels, says that Major Vogdes and twenty-two of Wilson's men were confined in jail with him, from whom he learned further of the actual condition of Fort Pickens, and is satisfied that twenty days bombardment from Bragg's batteries could not breach the fort. He has no doubt that Fort Pickens can easily reduce the batteries and fortifications in that vicinity as well as Fort McRae, and that General Brown first opened fire for some purpose yet unexplained.

We understand that Herman Bowman, Esq., clerk of the Woodford County Court, has paid into the State Treasury the revenue collectable by the county clerk. The law requires clerks to pay up by the 1st of January. Mr. B. paid in all of his (except \$36,) being over \$1,200, before the 5th of October, and on the 5th of December he paid the balance of \$36. This promptness in these times is commendable.

Provisional Governor Johnson has issued a call at Bowling Green, under the act of December 4th, calling for twenty companies of volunteers from Kentucky.

It is reported in Philadelphia papers that five more Pennsylvania regiments will be sent to Kentucky.

## LEGISLATIVE DIRECTORY.

**SENATORS.**  
J. F. Fisk (Speaker).....No. 50, Capital Hotel.  
C. T. Alexander.....Dr. H. Rodman's.  
Wm. Anthony.....No. 75, Capital Hotel.  
T. T. Baker.....No. 82, Capital Hotel.  
John B. Brummett.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).  
James H. G. Bush.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).  
M. P. Buxton.....Wm. H. Gray's.  
Ben. P. Cissell.....Absent.  
Charles Claiborne.....Absent.  
Walter Chiles.....L. B. Crutcher's.  
Alex. L. Davidson.....Absent.  
Samuel E. DeHaven.....No. 25, Capital Hotel.  
George Denny.....No. 33, Capital Hotel.  
Richard H. Field.....R. W. Blackburn's.  
John T. Garrard.....Absent.  
J. W. Glenn.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).  
Robert E. Glenn.....E. T. Coleman's (S. F.).  
John K. Goodloe.....No. 55, Capital Hotel.  
Wm. C. Grier.....J. V. B. Vanarsdale's.  
Asa P. Grover.....Dr. Vallandigham's.  
John L. Hays.....Absent.  
Samuel H. Jenkins.....Absent.  
John M. Johnson.....Absent.  
Martin P. Marshall.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).  
Thorton F. Marshall.....No. 38, Capital Hotel.  
Nathan McClure.....L. B. Crutcher's.  
Henry D. McHenry.....No. 75, Capital Hotel.  
Charles D. Pennebaker.....Absent.  
John A. Pratt.....No. 6, Capital Hotel.  
William B. Read.....No. 7, Meriwether's.  
Albert G. Rhea.....Absent.  
James F. Robinson.....No. 15, Capital Hotel.  
Ben. Spaulding.....No. 61, Capital Hotel.  
James Speed.....J. R. Page's (M. H.).  
Clatsborne J. Walton.....Ayres' (S. F.).  
Walter C. Whitaker.....No. 58, Capital Hotel.  
Chas. T. Worthington.....No. 58, Capital Hotel.  
J. H. Johnson, Clerk, No. 5, Capital Hotel.  
J. R. Hawkins, Assistant Clerk, at J. R. Page's.  
Abijah Gilbert, Door-keeper, at Geo. W. Lewis'.  
John W. Pratt, Jr., Page at his father's.  
Sanford Goin, Jr., Page at his father's.

## CONVICTION FOR RESISTING A MARSHAL.

The Rev. George Gordon, President of Iberia College, Ohio, having been recently convicted before the United States District Court for Northern Ohio, of resisting a United States Marshal in an attempt to capture a fugitive slave, was sentenced by Judge Wilson, of that court, to six months imprisonment, and to pay a fine of \$300, together with the costs of the prosecution, which, it is said, will amount to some hundreds more.

A London nostrum vender's shop boy, being asked how his master managed to get up his "advertisements in such rhythymical style," explained the phenomenon by answering: "Oh, we keeps a poet." Gen. Price, with a similar business shrewdness, it appears, "keeps" an Editor to "get up" his proclamations.—Mr. J. W. TUCKER, formerly of the State Journal, TUCKER is pretty good on the heroic; but neither he, nor PILLOW, nor any pronouncer in rebellion, can begin to compare with JEFF. THOMSON.

The Legislature of Georgia has passed a bill to prevent, during the existing war, monopolies and speculations in breadstuffs and other articles of general use and consumption. The bill enumerates salt, wheat, flour, bacon, lard, cotton, osenaburgs, kerseys, leather, shoes, cotton cards, or wool cards, as the articles which must not be sold at speculative prices. It allows the owner of any of these articles to sell them at an advance of sixty per cent. upon their price last April.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.—The Lafayette (Ind.) Journal understands that a house in that city has already made the snug sum of \$7,000 by the advance in coffee.

The Chicago Tribune has "information from an unquestioned source, that five thousand acres in Illinois will be planted with cotton the coming year."

HOMICIDE.—James Hise was killed in an affray with Wm. Bolin, the Marshal of Maysville, at that place, on Wednesday last.

## LOST!

LEFT in the State House privy, a COLT'S REVOLVER, improved pattern, five-inch barrel. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. [Dec. 16, 1861-1t.]

## FRESH OYSTERS!

WE are now selling good FRESH OYSTERS at \$1 per Can. GRAY & TODD. Dec. 16, 1861-4lw.

## APPLES.

I HAVE for sale APPLES that have been recently culled over and placed in good substantial barrels, and are all perfectly sound. They consist of the following varieties, and are superior of their kind, to-wit: GENETINS, PIPPINS, and SEEK-NO-FURTHER. Price, \$2 25 per barrel. Apply at my residence. Dec. 14, 1861-4lm. O. BROWN.

## CITY ELECTION.

OFFICE CITY COUNCIL, FRANKFORT, Dec. 7, 1861.

ORDERED, That an election for eight Councilmen for the city of Frankfort, to serve for the ensuing year, be held at A. G. Cammack's store, in said city, on the first Saturday in January next, and that G. W. Oren and A. G. Cammack be judges to superintend said election. By order of the Board. G. W. GWIN, Mayor. [Dec. 9-4td.]

## RUNAWAY.

FROM the subscriber, in the city of Frankfort, on the 10th inst., a NEGRO BOY NAMED ARCH. Said boy is about 23 years of age, light copper color, hair very black and nearly straight, about 6 feet 2 inches high, very quick in his speech, a good swimmer, and a good runner. Had on when he left a pair of gray jeans pants, no coat or hat, a pair of heavy shoes. A liberal reward will be paid for the delivery of said boy to me in Frankfort, or for information as to his whereabouts to secure possession of him. Dec. 15th, 1861-4f. JOHN HENDERSON.

## F. D. REDDISH'S

## New Tailoring Establishment.

HAVING taken the room formerly occupied by J. W. Voorhis, on Main Street, opposite Gray & Todd's Store, I intend to carry on the Tailoring business in its various branches. I have secured the services of practical assistants, and feel assured that satisfaction will be given. A share of public patronage is solicited. Nov. 27, 1861-4w3m. F. D. REDDISH.

## Frankfort Church Directory.

**Baptist**—Rev. T. C. McKee, Pastor—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School 9 A. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7 P. M.  
**Roman Catholic**—Rev. J. M. LANCASTER, Priest—Every Sunday, Worship, 10½ o'clock, A. M. Sabbath School, 3 P. M.  
**Old School Baptist**—Rev. JOHN THORPOLD, Pastor—Preaching at the Court House every 3d Sabbath in each month, 11 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M.  
**Presbyterian**—Rev. J. E. SPILLMAN, Stated Supply—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School 2 o'clock, P. M. Prayer meeting, Friday, 7 P. M.  
**Methodist**—Rev. Wm. McD. ABBOTT, Pastor—Sabbath, preaching, 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School 9 A. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7 P. M.  
**Ascension Church, Episcopal**—Rev. J. N. NORZON, Rector—Divine service, Sunday 11 A. M., and 3¼ P. M., and on Friday at 3¼ P. M. Sunday School, 9¼ A. M.  
**Christian**—Elder W. T. MOORE, Pastor—Lord's Day Worship, 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sabbath School, 2 P. M. Lecture or prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7 P. M.  
These services are all open, and the seats in the Churches free to any who desire to attend Divine Worship.  
If we have made any omission in reporting the various Churches of our city, we will take pleasure in correcting it on any authentic information that may be given us.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### A. CONERY

SIGN OF THE EAGLE.  
(LATE W. P. LOOMIS.)  
Has just received Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Goods, Clocks, and Fine Knives. Call and see them. Prices to suit the times.  
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired. Jan 18 61.

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DYSPPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER AND AGUE, OR CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a Copy of Prescriptions used, (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick; they will find these remedies, a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN, 422 1/2 Broadway, New York.

**TERMS CASH.**  
I have been compelled to adopt the cash system, which will enable me to sell good at from ten to twenty per cent. lower than formerly. These terms will be enforced from this date.  
Sign of the Eagle. June 4, 1861. A. CONERY.

## THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS.

THE Daily Globe and the Congressional Globe and Appendix (the official papers of Congress) will be published during the next session of Congress, to convene in this city the first Monday in next December. The Daily Globe will contain a full report of the debates in both branches of Congress; also, the news of the day, together with original articles as may be suggested by passing events. The Congressional Globe and Appendix will contain a report of all the debates of the session, revised by the Speakers, the messages of the President of the United States, the reports of the heads of the Executive Departments, the laws passed during the session, and copious indexes to all. They will be printed on a double royal sheet, quarto form, each sheet containing sixteen royal quarto pages. The Congressional Globe and Appendix pass free through the mails of the United States, under a joint resolution of Congress passed the 6th of August, 1852.

**TERMS:**  
For one copy of the Daily Globe during the session.....\$6 00  
For one copy of the Congressional Globe and Appendix during the session.....6 00  
The Daily Globe may be taken for one or more months, at the rate of \$1 per month. Subscriptions for the Congressional Globe and Appendix must be for the entire session.  
The notes of specie-paying banks, gold or silver, or postage stamps, but no other currency, will be received for subscriptions. JOHN C. RIVES. WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 30, 1861-4w1m.

## Notice to Trespassers.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden to travel on my land, except along the county road. I also forbid using fire wood, injuring trees of any kind, interrupting auto or fruit of any kind, disturbing the fencing, fishing, hunting, shooting, or killing game on my lands in Franklin county, as I shall enforce the law in the most rigid manner against all offenders. JAMES S. VAWTER. Nov. 27, 1861-1d3w.

## Georgetown Stage Line!

S. WOLVERTON has permanently established a DAILY LINE OF STAGES From Frankfort to Georgetown. Stages leave Frankfort at 10½ o'clock A. M., and reach Georgetown at 12 o'clock M. Fare \$1-25 cents cheaper than by any other route. Office at GRAHAM'S STABLE, opposite Capital Hotel. (Nov. 30, 1861-4f.)

## \$13,000 WANTED.

I AM authorized to negotiate a loan for the Grand Lodge of the Masonic Fraternity of Thirteen Thousand Dollars for 3 or 5 years, at a liberal rate of interest, for which the most undoubted collateral security will be given. Persons who have money lying idle may thus have it yielding them a liberal interest, payable semi-annually. A. G. HODGES. Oct. 28, 1861-3w.

## LETTERS LOST.

I HAVE lost a small package of letters from Hon. Henry Clay and Maj. Robert Anderson, and the finder will much oblige me by returning them. LESLIE COMES. Oct. 16, 1861-4f.

## LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES have now been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the Globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing varieties of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible:

**Dyspepsia**, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acid kind; **Flatulency**, loss of appetite, Heart-Burn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

**Constipation**, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

**Poverty of all kinds**, by restoring the blood to regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

**Dropsies** of all kinds, by freest and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel.

**Also Worms**, by dissolving from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

**Scurvy, Ulcers, and Incurable Sores**, by the perfect purity which these Life Medicines give to the blood, and all the humors.

**Scorbutic Eruptions, and Bad Complexions**, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, scall, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. Croup, Colds and Influenza will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

**Piles**—The original proprietor of these Medicines was cured of Piles, which were standing by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

**FEVER AND AGUE**—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the fever; a cure by these Medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

**Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints**—General Debility, Loss of Appetite, and Diseases of Females—The Medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description—King's Evil, and Scrophulous, in its worst form, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

**Nervous Diseases**—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by J. M. MOFFAT, 355 Broadway, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. oct16, 60-w1y.

## NOTICE! NOTICE!

I HAVE this day bought of J. T. MILAM his entire stock of Dry Goods, Wares and Mercandises, and I will hereafter continue the Merchandising business, at Mr. Milam's old Stand, at Benson Depot, on the Louisville and Lexington Railroad.

It shall be my most pleasant duty to provide for the many wants of our citizens in my line of business at the lowest CASH prices. My motto is, "Quick sales, ready profits." Give me a call. Benson, Oct. 25, '61. H. C. HODGES.

## HAVING this day sold out my Establishment

to HENRY C. HODGES, I would thank my many friends and patrons for their kindness to me in the past, and would most respectfully recommend to them Mr. Hodges, who will now take my place.

I have also transferred to H. C. Hodges my notes and accounts. All those indebted to me will please pay the same to Mr. Hodges, as I shall, in future, be with my regiment in the U. S. Army. Benson, Oct. 25, 1861-4f. J. T. MILAM.

## UNITED STATES AND FOREIGN

## Newspaper Advertising House,

MATHER & ABBOTT,

PROPRIETORS.

335 Broadway, New York.

Oct. 16, 1861. [w1wly.]

## Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington

and Frankfort Railroad.

## ON and after Monday, October 28th, 1861, trains

will leave Frankfort as follows:

## PASSENGER TRAINS.

Trains going East in the morning arrive at 9:35, A. M., and depart at 9:50 A. M.  
Trains going East in the evening arrive at 5:35, P. M., and depart at 5:40, P. M.

Trains going West in the morning arrive at 8:00, A. M., and depart at 8:05, A. M.  
Trains going West in the evening arrive at 3:30, P. M., and depart at 3:35, P. M.

## FREIGHT TRAINS.

Trains going East in the evening arrive at 1:05, P. M., and depart at 1:25, P. M.  
Trains going West in the morning arrive at 9:20, A. M., and depart at 9:50, A. M.

The Morning Train West makes connection for Chicago, leaving Jeffersonville at 2:50, P. M.  
The Afternoon Train makes connection via Jeffersonville, New Albany, and Ohio and Mississippi roads for the



# Cephalic Pills

## CURE

### Sick Headache

## CURE

### Nervous Headache

## CURE

### All kinds of Headache

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented, and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.

Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines. A box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to HENRY C. SPALDING, 48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF Spalding's Cephalic Pills, Will convince all who suffer from HEADACHE, That a Speedy and Sure Cure is Within their Reach.

As these Testimonials are unobscured by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MIDVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I find them so well that I want you to send me two dollars' worth more.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige Your obedient servant, JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVESPORT, PA., Feb. 6, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. I have received a great deal of benefit from them. Yours, respectfully, MARY ANN STOKERHOUSE.

SERVICE CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA., January 18, 1861. H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours, JOHN B. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861. Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: I have just received twenty-five cents for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried. Direct, A. STOVER, P. M., Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

BEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860. M. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours, W. H. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO, January 9, 1861. Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: I have just received twenty-five cents for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. Send to address of Rev. William C. Miller, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio. Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly. Truly yours, WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861. Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Constipation, and received the same, and they had no effect. I was induced to send for more.

Please send by return mail. Direct to A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I. The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES! DISPATCH! A SCISSOR IN TIME SAVES NINE. As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crochets, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE." N. B.—A Brush accompanies each Bottle. Price, 25 cents.

Address, HENRY C. SPALDING, No. 48 Cedar Street, New York.

CAUTION. As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my Prepared Glue, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the name, SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits. Sent by mail.

## Academy for Instruction in Writing, Book-keeping and Drawing, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

(On Merri Street, next to J. L. Sage's.) JOHN A. FLYNN, TEACHER.

RESPECTFULLY submits the following testimony as to his character and qualifications as a teacher, and assures parents and guardians that the strictest and kindest attention shall be uniformly given to those committed to his care.

TERMS: For Writing—\$1.50 per month—5 lessons in the week, including all materials. For Book-keeping—\$2.50 per month—5 lessons in the week. Books supplied by the pupil.

HOURS OF ATTENDANCE: From 8 to 10 A. M., and from 1 to 2 1/2 and 7 to 8 1/2 P. M.

FRANKFORT, KY., May 22, 1861. We, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that our children have taken lessons in writing, under the care of Mr. John A. Flynn, and we are happy to say their improvement has been highly satisfactory. We consider Mr. Flynn a kind and efficient teacher, and we therefore most warmly recommend him to all the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, who may require his services.

James E. Watson, W. H. Gray, Ben. F. Meek, Mary W. Todd, H. Rodman, Jas. E. Page, Nelson Allen, Geo. C. Bates, W. C. Speed, John W. Pratt, Geo. Wythe Lewis, T. N. Lindsey.

W. H. KEENE, Wholesale and Retail Grocer and Dealer in all kinds of foreign and domestic Liquors.

Corner of St. Clair and Wapping Streets, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Old Bourbon Whisky. A well selected stock of old and new Bourbon Whisky—none better.

Cigars. Just received, a supply of those celebrated "Guinness" and "Compania."

Garden Seeds. A full assortment of Pitkin, Ward & Co.'s celebrated Garden Seeds constantly on hand during the season.

Groceries. Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, and everything in the grocery line of the best quality and at fair prices.

Flour and Meal. The best brands of Flour and Meal constantly on hand.

Family Supplies. I have everything in the line of Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. Also, Agricultural Implements, Garden and Field Seeds, Tobacco and Cigars, &c. All of which are selected from the best assortments and with great care.

I only ask an examination of my stock to insure sales. My terms are as heretofore, preferring cash, but will suit prompt customers payable 1st January, May, and September. Call and see me. [mark w. atw]

W. H. KEENE.

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS! THE attention of Tax payers of Franklin county is respectfully called to the following circular:

TO THE SHERIFFS OF KENTUCKY. The condition of the Treasury makes it necessary, for the purpose of carrying on the Government, that the revenue should be paid into the Treasury as early as possible, and that payments should be made whenever an amount sufficient to justify shall have been collected. I therefore most earnestly call upon the sheriffs of the State to use every exertion in their power to collect and pay in the revenue of their respective counties at the earliest possible day, that the credit of the State may not suffer for the want of means to pay off just claims against it. It would be a source of regret to me to take judgment against any of the sheriffs; but my duty will require me to enforce the law against any sheriff who fails to pay in the revenue by the time fixed by the law.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

Auditor's Office, Ky., Frankfort, Sept. 12, 1861.

For the purpose of collecting the taxes for the present year, as well as balances due for 1860 and 1861, the undersigned must urge tax payers to be ready when called on, or we will be compelled to enforce the law for collection of taxes. Longer indulgence will not be given.

H. I. TODD, S. F. C. H. B. INNES, K. E. COLLINS, Deputies.

Sept. 18, 1861.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$800 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me, that one JAMES SALLIE and MERITT CONDOR did, on the 14th inst., kill and murder Miss Elsie Dean, in the county of Mercer, have since made their escape, and are now going at large; Now, therefore, I, BERTH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS each for the apprehension of said James Sallie and Meritt Condor, and their delivery to the jailer of Mercer county, within one year from the date hereof.

L. S. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 13th day of August, A. D. 1861, and in the 70th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN. THOS. B. MORROW, Jr., Secretary of State. By J. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. James Sallie is 25 years old; six feet high; weighs about 180 lbs; black hair; pale blue eyes, and fair complexion. Meritt Condor is from 21 to 25 years of age; about 5 1/2 feet high; weighs 140 lbs; black hair; black eyes; and dark skin.

INFANTRY REGIMENT. D. W. LINDSEY, of Frankfort, Kentucky, has authority to raise a regiment of Infantry for the war. Headquarters at Frankfort; one month's pay in advance allowed; 100 acres of land and \$100 bounty at end of war.

Reference to Gen. Crittenden, Gen. Anderson, of Louisville; Gen. P. Dudley, J. R. Temple, and P. Swigert, of Frankfort. Three companies are now in Camp. Oct. 9th, 1861.

Vacant Lots for Sale. I have several beautiful vacant Building Lots for sale. Call on me at my residence in South Frankfort. THOS. A. THEOBALDS. July 23rd-watw.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD. The undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand Yellowhick, Kentucky River, Fomroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms. Call on him at his Coal and Lumber Yard on the Kentucky River, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden. JOHN C. RATES. September 8, 1860-wt.

## J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Merchandise, for general purposes, Record, for Ledgers and Records, Copying, for Letter Press, Carmine, of brilliant hue.

CELEBRATED FOR 1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.) 2d. Easy flow from the Pen. 3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.) 4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION:—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are fit only to be thrown away before half consumed.)

The Carmine may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities. 1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand. 2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported Excelsior Fluids." Manufactured by J. J. BUTLER, Agent, No. 39, Vine St. Cincinnati, O.

KEENE & GIBBONS are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of cartage. April 10, 1861—by.

Kanawha Cannel Coal Oil HOUSE. HAVING, as Treasurer of the KANAWHA CANAL COAL MINING AND OIL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, purchased the entire stock of LAMPS and LAMP FIXTURES of Wm. F. Simrall, No. 406, Main Street, fourth door west of Fourth, Louisville, Ky., it is my purpose to keep a supply of FINE BURNING OIL, manufactured by this Company, constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail, all of which will be guaranteed to be equal if not superior to any Coal Oil manufactured in the country.

Our Oil is manufactured from pure Cannel Coal, and none other will be offered to our customers. In a few days we shall be prepared to fill orders for LUBRICATING OIL, of as good quality as any in the country, at from 25 to 80 cents per gallon.

R. L. CRAWFORD, (formerly in the employ of Wm. F. Simrall) will conduct the business of the House for me, and letters addressed to him or the undersigned at Louisville, will receive prompt attention. A. G. HODGES, Treasurer, Aug. 19, '61. K. C. C. M. & O. M. G.

A Miami Valley Farm for Sale. 35 MILES north of Cincinnati, Ohio, 2 miles from the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, 1 mile east of the Miami river and canal, on the south line of Montgomery county, Ohio. It contains 80 acres—15 acres woodland, in which is 300 sugar trees, and an excellent Spring. The land is a black rich loam; no better tobacco land in the State; good frame house with 8 rooms; good orchard of apple, peach, cherry, plum, &c.; good "sugar" house; large frame barn; wagon and cow houses; good well; turpentine roads in every direction. I will sell this valuable property on five years time, two thousand dollars down, and give possession immediately if required. The buyer can more than make the annual payments of the farm. This perfect Sixty dollar per acre will buy it—It is worth eighty to a practical farmer. Good healthy and wealthy neighborhood. Whoever wants a model home under the "stars and stripes" can have one at a great bargain by calling on me on the premises, or addressing me very soon at Miami Springs, Montgomery county, Ohio. J. R. WOODS, M. D. Oct. 15, 1861—31w4w.

BININGER'S GOLD LONDON DOCK GIN.

GIN AS A REMEDIAL AGENT. This delicious tonic stimulant, especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cherry," "Medicated," "Schlag," etc., is now introduced by all of the prominent physicians, chemists, and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, &c.

A. M. BININGER & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y. For sale by D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 13 Park Row, New York.

Our long experience and familiarity with the requirements of Druggists, and our superior business facilities, enable us to furnish them with choice Liquors for medicinal and family use. nov25 w4wly.

SOMETHING NEW! Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN. Takes pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life, and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced. The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery), is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photographic pictures ever presented to the public. A brilliancy of color and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1860-w4wtf.

Telegraph Office Removed. The Telegraph Office in this city has been removed to the Freight Office of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad Depot. All persons having business with the office will please note this change. T. C. EYRE, Agent, Jan 7th.

WANTED. 2,000 POUNDS LIVE GEES FEATHERS, for which Furniture will be exchanged at cash prices. feb13

BBLS. 8 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon, made by D. Swigert, and for sale by W. H. KEENE.

## HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JANUARY 1, 1860.

ASSETS. Cash on hand and in Bank, \$38,353 11 Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission, 65,000 82 Cash loaned on call, 39,000 00 \$132,353 00

Bills receivable for loans, amply secured, 70,223 59 Real Estate, unencumbered, (cash value), 15,000 00 2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, market value, 200,352 00

2200 Shares Bank Stock in New York, market value, 200,225 00 500 Shares Bank Stock in Boston, market value, 107,500 00

400 Shares Bank Stock in St. Louis, market value, 40,300 00 340 Shares Bank Stock in Railroad and other Stock, market value, 16,750 00

Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent, 54,500 00 State Stocks, (Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri), 6 per cent, 34,085 00

70 Shares State Bank Wisconsin, market value, 1,140 00 Total assets, \$934,709 59 Total liabilities, 66,250 50

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Warehouses, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this Company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of Policy holders will admit. J. M. MILLS, Agent, Frankfort, Ky. May 10, '60-wt.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE N. Y. Life Insurance Comp'y, On the 1st of January, 1861.

NAME and location of the company is the NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 112 and 114, Broadway, New York. No Capital Stock.

ASSETS. Cash on hand and deposited Banks, \$31,351 06 Real Estate, including fixtures owned by the Company, 136,449 95

Par Value. Cost Val. Watertown and Rome Railroad Bonds, \$30,000 19,900 00 Hudson River Railroad Bonds, 5,000 5,000 00

N. Y. Central R. R. Bonds, 5,000 4,829 99 Albany City Water Bonds, 50,000 50,000 00

N. Y. City Central Park L'n, 25,000 25,325 75 American Ex. Bank Stock, 10,000 10,125 00

Metropolitan Bank Stock, 10,000 10,732 50 Merchants Bank Stock, 15,000 16,354 74

Shoe and Leather B's S'k, 10,000 11,012 50 Bank of America Stock, 14,500 15,950 11

Bank of the Republic Stock, 1,300 1,800 00 Delaware and Hudson Canal Stock, 22,400 24,858 75

U. S. Five per cent. Stock, 50,000 51,777 50 Loans on Stocks, 55,500 59 Bonds and Mortgages, 662,556 39

Premium Notes on Life policies, bearing interest, secured up to January 1st, 1861, 756,067 85

Reinsured up to January 1st, 1861, 2,163 26 Quarterly and Semi-annual premiums due subsequent to January 1, 1861, 22,414 74

Premiums on Policies in hands of Agents, 32,968 30

LIABILITIES. No Liabilities to Banks. Losses due and unpaid—none. Losses adjusted and not due, \$36,000 00

Losses unadjusted and in suspense, awaiting further proof—none. Losses reported believed to be fraudulent or unjust, 1,000 00

Accumulated dividend interest, 19,845 96 Dividend declared and credited to the parties entitled to them, but not payable by the charter, 732,444 00

Amount of risks on policies, for the whole term of life, 15,756,159 00 Amount of risks on policies, for a shorter period, 633,360 00

Largest amount insured on any one life, \$10,000. STATE OF NEW YORK, City and County of New York, ss.

Morris Franklin, of said city, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the condition of the said Company, at the date of the said statement, Two Million Four Hundred Eighty and Fifty-seven and Fifty-three One Hundredth Dollars, and were invested as therein stated and set forth.

Affirmed and sworn this Fourth day of February, 1861, before me. MORRIS FRANKLIN, PLINY FREEMAN, F. C. BOWMAN, Notary Public.

Auditor's Office, Ky., Frankfort, July 1, 1861. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office. L. S. In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written. GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted, by H. WINGATE, Agent, Aug. 21-w4wtf. FRANKFORT, KY.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON Fire and Life Insurance Company.

STATEMENT and condition of this Company, viz: Paid up Cash Capital, Surplus and Reserved Funds, \$4,354,125 Invested in this country, over 900,000

Yearly revenue, over 2,500,000 There are several material differences between the policies issued by this Company and those issued by other Companies—all of them being for the benefit of the insured.

Policies in this Company will be issued on liberal terms, and losses promptly adjusted by H. WINGATE, Agent, May 28, 1861. For Frankfort and vicinity.

LOOK AT THIS! J. L. MOORE & SON, ARE RECEIVING THIS FALL & WINTER GOODS! September 3, 1860-w4wtf.

Kentucky River Coal. I have just received a fresh supply of the BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburgh, Toughloehony, and Potomac, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort. feb12 w4w.

## TO THE JUDGES OF THE COUNTY COURTS OF KENTUCKY.

In pursuance of an order of the Military Board, it is my duty to call in all Arms, Equipments, and Munitions belonging to the State now in the hands of lawfully organized Military Companies. You are hereby instructed to make diligent inquiry throughout your county, and recover the arms, &c., belonging to disbanded Companies, and forthwith return the same to the State Arsenal, directed to the Quarter-master General. The necessary expenses of transportation will be paid here on the presentation of proper vouchers.

R. MAGOFFIN, Governor and Commander-in-Chief. FRANKFORT, August 3, 1861.

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires! CHOICE INSURANCE WITH THE

INCORPORATED 1813—Charter Perpetual. CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000, ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

NET SURPLUS OF - \$942,900 72. And the privilege of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000 Of Losses have been paid by the Atlas Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following:

LOSSES PAID BY THE ATNA DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS. In Ohio, \$431,620 82 Michigan, \$158,043 81

In Wis., 106,985 07 Indiana, 146,839 81 In Kent., 204,939 40 Illinois, 448,327 41

Missouri, 384,618 04 Tennessee, 97,543 21 Iowa Min 101,399 46 Kansas Neb 19,548 77

Penn. Ark. 31,598 52 Ark. & La. 25,948 09 Mississippi and Alabama, \$58,412 18

Fire and Inland Navigation. Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The solid service long and successfully tried, and the many advantages of the Atlas Insurance Company, possess in its line, should not be overlooked by those ready to insure and understanding their best interests.

During "stringent times" the necessity for reliable insurance becomes an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the authorized agents of the company. Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

H. WINGATE, Agent, Frankfort, Ky. June 20, 1860.

FRANKFORT AGENCY OF THE New York Life Insurance Company

A meeting of the Local Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company, held in the City of Frankfort, Ky., December 4th, 1859, the following were unanimously adopted:

"The undersigned, President and Directors of the Company, have examined the report and exhibit of the New York Life Insurance Company for the half year ending July 1st, 1859, and being satisfied with the propriety of the same, cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the community.

The New York Life Insurance Company has been in existence fourteen years, its capital has attained the sum of \$1,500,000.

Invested in State stocks, bonds and mortgages on real estate. We think it a most safe and profitable mode of investing money. The profits accrue to the benefit of the insured, and have averaged not less than 30 per cent. per annum on the premium paid.

Besides these investments in stock, &c., the law of New York requires as additional security, that \$100,000 shall be deposited with the State Comptroller, to meet any lawful demands which the Company may fall to pay.

We invite attention to the nature, objects, and advantages of Life Insurance, as set forth by this Institution.

It will be seen by the above statement that this Company is in a flourishing condition. Those desirous of information in regard to the subject of Life Insurance, would do well to call on the Local Agent of the above Company, who will give them any information that may be desired, or for reference apply to either member of the Local Board, all of whom are insured in this office.

C. S. MOREHEAD, President. EMD. H. TAYLOR, THOS. B. PAGE, CHAS. G. FRYTHIAN, Directors. R. Y. SCOTT, H. I. TODD.

CLAIMS PAID AT THIS AGENCY. John Lane, \$5,000 Thomas F. Thornton, 5,000

William H. Davies, 5,000 Joseph G. Craig, 5,000 John C. Herndon, 5,000

John T. Hendon, 1,500 \$25,500

MEDICAL EXAMINER—W. C. SNEED, M. D. H. WINGATE, Agent, Frankfort Branch Bank. July 1, 1860-wt.

THE Hartford Fire Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital, \$500,000.

1. ITS CAPITAL IS AMPLE. 2. ITS RATES ARE REASONABLE. 3. IT PAYS ITS LOSSES PROMPTLY.

H. HUNTINGTON, President. T. C. ALBY, Secretary. J. M. MILLS, Agent of Frankfort. July 1, 1860-wt.

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